

## **Artos**<sup>TM</sup>

## Board Level Rotary Absolute Magnetic Encoder System

TRUE ABSOLUTE SYSTEM

Artos™ is an absolute magnetic encoder system designed for motion control applications as a feedback element for angle and velocity control loops.

A highly reliable measurement principle and processing ensure low position latency, high resolution and high angular velocity. The compact PCB-A design and low weight of the encoder system make it suitable for applications with limited space in relatively clean environments.







## **Features and benefits**

- ► True absolute system
- ► High accuracy and resolution
- Suitable for highly dynamic control loops
- SSI and BiSS C communicational protocols + parallel ABZ channel
- ► Rotational speeds up to 30,000 rpm
- Compatible with solid rings and partial-arc magnetic scales
- ▶ Wide installation tolerances
- Compact design with horizontal or vertical connector











## **General information**

Artos™ provides a true-absolute position information immediately after power-on via the selected communication protocol. The encoder system is extremely reliable due to the large installation tolerances (axial/radial/tangential offset) and the built-in robust algorithms for position calculation and error detection.

The measuring principle is based on a magnetic ring/scale magnetised with the incremental and absolute track with a pseudorandom binary sequence (PRBS) read by the RLS proprietary sensor technology. Once installed, the encoder system does not need to be calibrated. To ensure the installation is correct, the operator can observe the setup LED while rotating the magnetic ring/scale in either direction.

The magnetic ring is available in two versions: exposed and protected with a cover foil. The version with the visible elasto-ferrite layer, called the exposed ring, is intended for applications where aggressive liquids are not expected to damage the sensitive part of the ring. The exposed ring can withstand dust, moisture and dirt. If, on the other hand, a thin layer of stainless steel is applied over the elasto-ferrite layer, the ring becomes more robust and suitable for harsh environments. The cover foil can be applied in two different ways. In one variant, the cover foil is wrapped around the circumference of the ring, with the elasto-ferrite layer of the ring visible from the sides. This type of protection is suitable for high rotational speeds and protects the sensitive elasto-ferrite layer from rotational forces. In the second variant, the cover foil is applied and welded around the entire circumference. This type of protection gives the ring IP67 protection and can withstand significantly higher rotational speeds. The fully protected ring is used in combination with the sealed readhead due to the demanding environmental conditions. Further information on the sealed readhead can be found in data sheet **DRD01**. The PCB-A readhead version is intended for relatively clean environments, son the exposed version of the ring is a more suitable combination.

Magnetic rings are available in different sizes, from 57 mm up to 478 mm outer diameter. The readhead also supports partial-arc applications from the smallest diameter of 200 mm upwards. For partial-arc applications, the flexible magnetic scale DS19 is used, which can be attached to shafts with larger diameters. The use of the DS19 magnetic scale does not support a full 360° rotation of the shaft, but is intended for applications with large shafts where full rotation is not required.

## Choose your Artos board level absolute magnetic encoder system

The Artos™ PCB-A readhead is compatible with SAR rings in various sizes from 57 to 478 mm outer diameter and a flexible magnetic absolute scale DS19 for partial-arc reading.

#### Artos™ PCB-A readhead



Exposed SAR radial ring



SAR ring with cover foil



SAR ring with welded cover foil



Partial-arc scale DS19



Linear scale DS19



Further information on compatible rings and scales can be found in **SARD01** and **ASD01**, available at **RLS Media center.** 



## Storage and handling

#### Storage temperature



-20 °C to +85 °C

#### Operating temperature

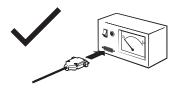


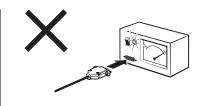
-20 °C to +85 °C

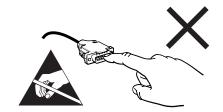
#### Humidity



Up to 70 % non-condensing



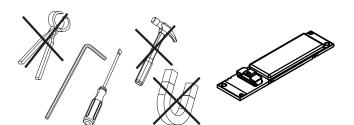






#### Readhead is ESD sensitive - handle with care.

Do not touch electronic circuit, wires or sensor area without proper ESD protection or outside of ESD controlled environment.



The PCB-A readhead is a mechanically sensitive component. Hold it by the edges, touch it only lightly, minimize pressure and avoid bending it while holding it securely to prevent it from falling. Ensure maximum cleanliness. When not in use, place it in ESD protective packaging (box or tray).

## **Packaging**

Less than 20 readheads are packed individually in antistatic boxes. From a quantity of 21 pieces or more, the readheads are packed in antistatic trays (see table below). The trays are packed together in a cardboard box (8 trays per box).

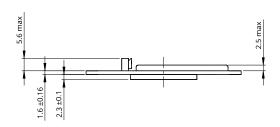
Part	Tray size	Box size	
Artos™ readhead	15 units per tray	8 trays per box	

## Labeling/Engraving

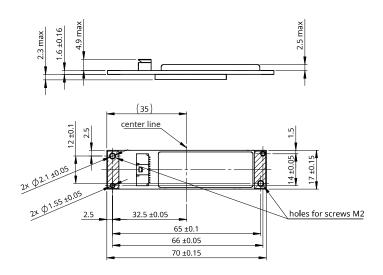
The engraving on the PCB-A readhead contains a QR code with a serial number.

# **Dimensions drawing**Dimensions and tolerances are in mm.

#### **Board with vertical connector**

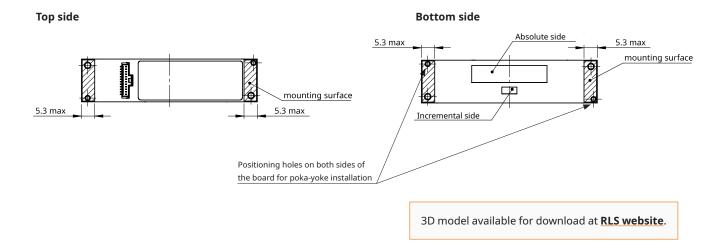


#### **Board with horizontal connector**



#### General tolerances for linear dimensions according to ISO 2768-m

Tolerance class	up to 6	6-30	30-120
m (medium)	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3



Further information on compatible rings and scales can be found in **SARD01** and **ASD01**, available at **RLS Media center**.



## **Installation instructions**

The readhead can be installed in 2 different ways - from below or from above. Carefully plan the orientation of the readhead and the ring/magnetic scale. The engraving on the ring and the imprint on the scale can be used to determine the orientation.

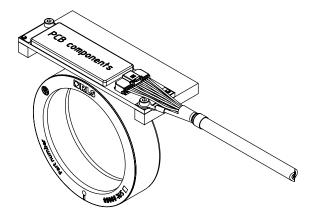
We recommend the use of M2 fasteners with washers. For more information, please refer to the <u>Table of recommended fastener</u> tightening torques.

After mounting the ring or magnetic scale with the readhead, make sure that the distance between them corresponds exactly to the installation dimensions and tolerances specified in data sheets **SARD01** and **ASD01**. A simple plastic shim can be used to align the air gap, but this cannot align the readhead in all important directions (tangential, axial, yaw, pitch and roll offsets). It is recommended to set the air gap to the optimum value. Please check the optimal ride height for each ring size in the **SARD01** or for the partial arc scale DS19 in the **ASD01** data sheet. Make sure that the readhead, shim and ring or magnetic scale are in fully aligned. As soon as the screws holding the readhead are tightened, the spacer can be removed.

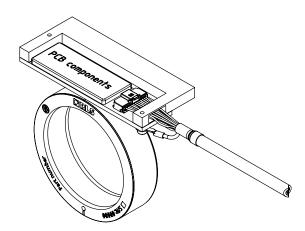
The LED on the readhead must light up green at all measuring positions, otherwise the installation has not been performed correctly. Further information on the LED can be found in the **Status indicator LED** chapter.

Improper mounting of the magnetic ring/scale and the readhead can impair the performance or function of the magnetic encoder system and lead to total failure.

#### Installation from above



#### Installation from below



To avoid damaging the PCB, do not use countersunk fasteners.

The magnetic encoder system must be used in accordance with the specified degree of protection. The following factors must be taken into account: IP protection class, operating temperature, external magnetic field, mechanical load and EMC compatibility.

The magnetic encoder system is sensitive to external magnetic fields. The extent to which the magnetic encoder system is affected depends on the magnitude and direction of the external magnetic field. In particular, the rapidly changing stray magnetic fields affect the system and can change its function. Field strengths of more than 1 mT can cause the system to malfunction, resulting in the readhead reporting an invalid position despite inactive error and warning bits in the detailed status and a green LED. Magnetic field strengths of more than 25 mT lead to irreversible damage to the magnetic ring or scale and must be replaced.

Further information and useful tips on the installation of the ring and the partial-arc magnetic scale on the shaft, can be found in data sheets **SARD01** and **ASD01**.

# **Technical specifications**

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System	SUCCIII	Lauons
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Type of absolute measurement	Pseudo-random binary sequence (PRBS) absolute code; RLS proprietary sensor technology	
Reading type	Radial	
Hysteresis	<3.5 µm at nominal ride height	
	SAR057 = 25 arcsec	
	SAR081 = 18 arcsec	
	SAR114 = 13 arcsec	
	SAR162 = 9 arcsec	
	SAR229 = 6 arcsec	
	SAR325 = 4 arcsec	
	SAR478 = 3 arcsec	
Unidirectional repeatability	<1.5 µm	
Resolution	Up to 23 bits (depends on the ring size/magnetic scale) See <b>Table of available resolutions.</b>	
Sensor and processing latency	11 µs	
Internal loop refresh rate	91 kHz	
Maximum speed during power up	Rotary: 500 rpm	
	Linear: 10 m/s	

## Electrical data

Power supply	From 4.75 V to 30 V (voltage on readhead, consider voltage drop over cable)
Reverse polarity protection	Yes
Set-up time after switch-on	<200 ms
Power consumption (without load)	0.7 W
Communication standard	Differential line driver signal (RS422)
Output load	±40 mA
ESD protection	HBM, max. ±2 kV
Maximum cable length	10 m

## Mechanical data

Mass	9 g	
Conformal coating (optional)	AB chimie 746 E UV LED (low viscosity)	
Connector type	Vertical: MOLEX 501331-1207	
	Horizontal: MOLEX 501568-1207	
Possible connector mating part	Receptacle Housing: Molex 501330-1200	
	Female Crimp Terminals: 501193-7000	
	501193-8000	
	501193-9000	
	501334-0000	



## **Environmental data**

Operating and storage temperature	−20 °C to +85 °C
Vibrations (55 Hz to 2000 Hz)	30 g m/s² (IEC 60068-2-6)
Shocks (11 ms)	100 g (IEC 60068-2-27)
Humidity	70 % (non-condensing)
EMC Immunity	IEC 61000-6-2
EMC Emission	IEC 61000-6-4
Maximum external magnetic field	1 mT
during operation	

## **Electrical connections**

#### **Vertical connector**



#### Horizontal connector



Pin	Signal (BiSS C / SSI) + ABZ
1	Z-
2	Z+
3	B-
4	B+
5	A-
6	A+
7	GND
8	Vin
9	SLO- (data)
10	SLO+ (data)
11	MA- (clock)
12	MA+ (clock)
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

If conformal coating is applied, the output connector is not protected by the coating.

### System integration / Shield connection

The mounting surfaces of the PCB are not connected to signal ground. To achieve EMC compliance, the encoder system must be correctly integrated. Particular attention must be paid to the shielding arrangements. The mounting surfaces of the encoder and the cable shield must be connected to chasis with a good and reliable connection. Preferably, the cable shield is crimped on a ring terminal, which is bolted through one of the mounting holes of the encoder. Special care must be taken to ensure that the cable shield only touches the gold mounting surface. See the **Installation instructions**.

## **Status indicator LED**

Once the ring or magnetic scale has been installed, the readhead can be easily mounted on the machine using the LED setup indicator. The LED indicator shows the internal status of the encoder and is used to facilitate the installation and diagnosis of the encoder system. According to the table **Detailed status description**, certain errors are latched, resulting in LED indicating error status persistently. To clear latched error statuses, communication with readhead or readhead power cycle is required.



Slow flashing of LED indicates that the encoder is receiving power, but communication between the encoder and the controller has not yet been established. The error status has a higher priority than the warning status in the LED signaling. The signaling of LED may differ from the encoder status signaled by the controller. In case of error or warning the LED remains red/orange for at least 200 ms.

LED Status		Status	Description
•	Green	Normal operation	Position data is valid.
•	Orange	Warning	<ul> <li>The internal temperature is near operational limits.</li> <li>The encoder system is near operational limits. For details please check possible causes under the Error status.</li> </ul>
•	Red	Error	<ul> <li>Position data is not valid. Possible causes:</li> <li>The distance between the readhead and the magnetic scale is too large.</li> <li>The readhead is out of alignment with the ring or magnetic scale or they are demagnetised.</li> <li>Incorrect orientation of the readhead and ring or magnetic scale.</li> <li>The encoder speed is out of operational limits.</li> </ul>
•••••	Fast red flashing	Error	Position data is not valid. Internal system error.
	Slow red, green or or orange flashing	1	The communication has not been established.
• ••	Irregular flashing	/	Power supply too low.
0	No light	/	No power supply.

The LED signal statuses listed in the table above do not indicate non-optimal installation of the readhead, e. g. an accuracy outside the specified range.

During installation it is advised that the ring or magnetic scale are rotated in both directions over the entire range of motion to observe the encoder status on the LED (max rotational speed is 5 rpm or 50 mm/s). As soon as the LED indicator remains green over the entire range of motion, this indicates that the encoder is correctly installed.



#### **Troubleshooting**

If the readhead reports an error during operation due to incorrect decoding of the absolute position on the magnetic ring/scale, this indicates a serious problem. Serious problems include incorrect installation or a damaged magnetic pattern on the ring or scale. To determine the cause of the problem, please proceed as follows:

- Make sure that the part number on the readhead and the ring or scale match the required combination. The valid combination of ring and readhead can be verified with the first 6 letters of the part number.
- Verify that the installation matches the specification of the encoder for the orientation of the readhead relative to the ring/scale (ride height/radial offset, lateral/axial offset, centerline/ tangential, roll, pitch and yaw offsets).
- If possible, check the error location on the magnetic ring/scale with the magnetic viewer for an abnormal pattern in the magnetic code.
- Check the power supply. This is especially important for longer cable lengths. Take into account the voltage drop over the cable. Check the **Minimum input voltage vs. cable length.**
- Refer to <u>Maximum speed calculator for rings</u> or <u>Maximum speed calculator for scales</u> to ensure that the required
  rotational/linear speed matches the selected parameters of the readhead (resolution and minimum edge separation
  values) and ring dimension. This is important if the ABZ channel is enabled in parallel to the BiSS/SSI absolute channel.

## **BiSS C Communication interface**

The absolute position data and the status are available via the BiSS C protocol. The length of the position data varies depending on the combination of SAR ring, partial-arc scale and selected resolution. In combination with the SAR ring, the length of the position data is up to 23 bits. In combination with the scale, the length of the position data is up to 28 bits. The position data is always right-aligned, MSB first and without padding bits. The absolute position is followed by 2 general status bits, which are active low (error and warning) and 6 bits CRC (inverted).

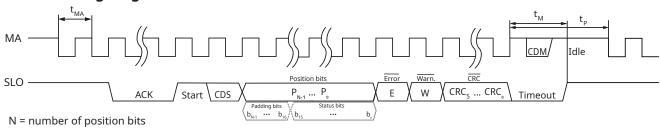
BiSS is implemented for point-to-point operation, multiple slaves are not supported. The communication is unidirectional.

# Electrical connection MA R,\* A MA Y MA ENCODER Z SLO GND Y A GND GND A GND

Signals	
MA	Master clock.
SLO	Slave out. Data is output on rising edge on MA.
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- \* The MA and SLO lines are 5 V RS422 compatible differential pairs. The termination resistor on the MA line is integrated inside the encoder.
- \*\* Termination at the controller is required, if total cable length is longer than 5 m. The nominal impedance of the cable is 120  $\Omega$ .

## **BiSS C timing diagram**



In case of an error, the position data field is replaced by the detailed status described on **page 12**. The detailed status is 16 bits long and right-aligned. Other unused bits in the position field become padding bits and are set to zero. The exact length of the position data is determined by the combination of ring/scale and resolution. See the **Table of available resolutions**.

#### **BiSS C Parameters**

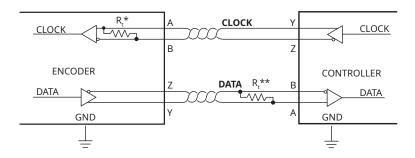
Interface type	BiSS C unidirectional (point-to-point)	
Signal level	RS422	
Position data encoding	Pure binary	
Max MA frequency	5 MHz	
Min MA frequency	500 kHz	
Length of position data	Depends on the resolution. See <b>Table of available resolutions.</b>	
Length and type of status data	2 bits (Error, Warning). Active low. Errror/warning descriptions, can be found in the <b>LED table</b> .	
CRC length and type	6 bits (inverted bit output - polynomial 0x43)	
ACK length	5 bits	
CDS bit	Always zero	
Communication delay	1.6 µs at 5 MHz MA freq.; otherwise 8 MA clock periods	
Timeout	≥15 µs or when the SLO line goes high	
Data frame rate	Up to 44 kHz	



## **SSI Communication interface**

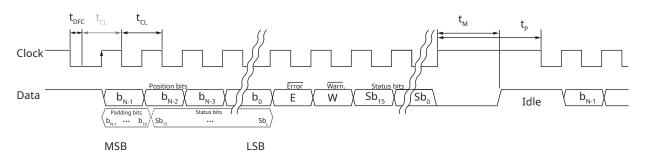
The absolute position data and the status are available via the SSI protocol. The length of the position data varies depending on the combination of SAR ring, partial-arc scale and selected resolution. In combination with the SAR ring, the length of the position data is up to 23 bits. In combination with the scale, the length of the position data is up to 28 bits. The position data is always right-aligned, MSB first and without padding bits. The absolute position is followed by 2 general status bits, which are active low (error and warning), and 16 bits with detailed status.

#### **Electrical connection**



- \* The CLOCK and DATA lines are 5 V RS422 compatible differential pairs. The termination resistor on the CLOCK line is integrated in the encoder
- \*\* Termination at the controller is required if the total cable length is more than 5 m. The nominal impedance of the cable is 120  $\Omega$ .

## SSI timing diagram



N = number of position bits

The detailed status bits follow the warning bit in the data frame. In case of an error, the position data field is also replaced by the detailed status described on <u>page 12</u>. The detailed status is 16 bits long and right-aligned. Other unused bits in the position field become padding bits and are set to zero.

The exact length of the position data is determined by the combination of ring/scale and resolution. See the **Table of** available resolutions.

The controller requests the position and status data of the encoder by sending a pulse train to the Clock input. The Clock signal always starts from high. The first falling edge of the Clock latches the last position data available and on the first rising edge of the Clock the most significant bit (MSB) of the position is transmitted to the Data output. If the time  $t_{DFC}$  is extended for additional 2  $\mu$ s, the maximum clock frequency limit is 2.5 MHz instead of 500 kHz. The Data output should then be read on the following falling edge. On subsequent rising edges of the Clock signal the next bits are transmitted.

After the transmission of the last bit the Data output goes to low. When the  $t_M$  time expires, the Data output goes high. The Clock signal must remain high for at least  $t_p$  before the next reading can take place.

While reading the data, the half of a Clock period  $t_{CL}$  must always be less than  $t_{ML}$ . However, reading the encoder position can be terminated at any time by setting the Clock signal to high for the duration of  $t_{ML}$ .

## **SSI Parameters**

Interface type	SSI unidirectional (point-to-point)	
Signal level	RS422	
Position data encoding	Pure binary	
Max CLOCK frequency	500 kHz (2.5 MHz with first clock delay function on the controller)	
Min CLOCK frequency	80 kHz	
Length of position data	Depends on the resolution. See <b>Table of available resolutions.</b>	
Length and type of status data	2 bits (Error, Warning). Active low. Errror/warning descriptions, can be found in the <b>LED table</b> .	
Timeout t <sub>M</sub>	≥20 µs or when the DATA line goes high	
Max request rate at highest resolution	Up to 25 kHz	
Delay first clock t <sub>DFC</sub>	2 - 10 μs	
Pause time t <sub>p</sub>	20 μs	

## **Detailed status description**

BiSS and SSI - detailed status replaces position data while error bit is active.

Bit number	Description of error/warning	Error / Warning	Clearing
b15	Reserved	/	/
b14	Temperature warning.	Warning	When absent
	Temperature has exceeded the upper specified limit (85 °C).		
b13	Signal warning. The signals from the sensor are distorted. The encoder	Warning	When absent
	performance (noise, accuracy,) may not be as specified.		
	Check if the readhead is installed within specification.		
	The ring/readhead may be damaged.		
b12	Reserved	/	/
b11	Decoding warning.	Warning	When absent
	The amplitude on the absolute sensor is too close to the limit for		
	reliable decoding.		
	Check the installation of the readhead and try to improve it.		
b10	Overspeed warning. Refer to Maximum speed calculator for rings	Warning	When absent
	or Maximum speed calculator for scales.		
	The rotational/linear speed is too high for the ABZ output to keep up.		
	The ABZ output is now lagging behind the actual position.		
	Continuing with this warning may result in overspeed error.		
	Decrease the rotational/linear speed or use a readhead with different		
	resolution and edge separation setting.		
	This warning is only enabled if ABZ output is enabled.		
b9	Reserved	/	/
b8	Sensors mismatch error.	Error	On
	The positions of the absolute and incremental sensors do not match.		communication
	This is likely due to a damaged ring/scale or external magnetic fields.		
	It could be a result of using incompatible rings/scales.		
	Check the orientation of the ring/scale relative to the readhead (the		
	engraving sides must match).		



#### Detailed status continued

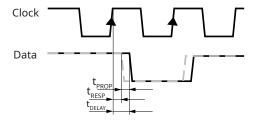
Bit number	Description of error/warning	Error / Warning	Clearing
b7	Decoding error. The amplitude on the absolute sensor is too low for	Error	When absent
	reliable decoding.		
	Check the installation of the readhead.		
b6	Signal error. The signals from the sensor are distorted beyond the	Error	On
	ability to be reliably interpreted.		communication
	Check if the readhead is installed within specification.		
	Check the orientation of the ring/scale relative to the readhead (the		
	engraving sides must match).		
	The encoder system may be damaged.		
b5	Reserved	/	1
b4	System error. Malfunction inside the circuitry.	Error	On reset
	To reset the System error bit, try to cycle the power supply while the		
	rise time is shorter than 20 ms.		
	If the error persists, <b>contact RLS</b> .		
b3	Reserved	/	/
b2	Overspeed error. The rotational/linear speed is too high for the	Error	On
	interpolator to keep up, or the ABZ output has been lagging too far		communication
	behind the actual position for the readhead to keep buffering the		
	position. This error is		
	only enabled if ABZ output is enabled.		
	Decrease the rotational/linear speed or use a readhead with different		
	resolution and edge separation setting. Refer to Maximum speed		
	calculator for rings or Maximum speed calculator for scales.		
b1	Position uninitialized error.	Error	On
	The conditions for calculating the valid absolute position have		communication
	not yet been met.		(except first
	The error should clear on communication.		time after
	If it persists, this could be due to the following:		startup)
	The readhead mounting is incorrect.		
	The ring/scale is damaged.		
	• The ring rotates at more than 500 rpm during the power up sequence or after the readhead is trying to recover from the error.		
	The linear speed is above 10 m/s during the power up sequence or		
	after the readhead is trying to recover from the error.		
	This error always sets in conjunction with other errors (except for		
	decoding error).		
	The error may also be set for a short period of time on first startup.		
	However, it should clear automatically. If it does not, see reasons above.		
b0	Reserved	/	/

## Cable length compensation

The readhead needs 70 ns to respond to incoming clocks ( $t_{RESP}$ ). The change on the Data signal is delayed by 70 ns after the rising edge on the Clock line. An additional delay is caused by the time the signal takes to propagate through the cable to the readhead and back ( $t_{PROP}$ ). This delay is typically 14 ns per 1 meter cable. The total cable length from the encoder to the receiver must be considered.

The total delay ( $t_{\tiny DELAY}$ ) is calculated as in the formula below.

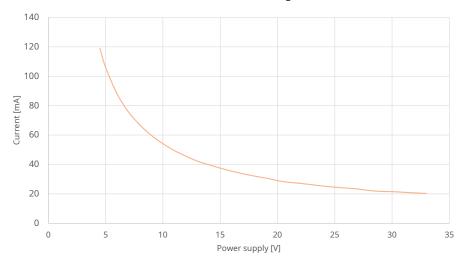
A proper implementation of BiSS Master should automatically measure  $t_{\tiny DELAY}$  and adjust the internal timing to compensate for it.



 $t_{DELAY} = t_{RESP} + t_{PROP} x cable length$ 

## **Current consumption vs. power supply**

Measurement was made on the readhead with a 1 m long cable without termination.





## Part numbering

**01** - Conformal coating

DBR 057 DC 23B A D S 10D V 00 **Encoder family** DBR - Absolute readhead, PCB-A, for SAR rings DBL - Absolute readhead, PCB-A, for linear and partial-arc Compatible ring outer diameter **057** - 57 mm 229 - 229 mm **081** - 81 mm **325** - 325 mm **114** - 114.2 mm **478** - 478 mm **162** - 162 mm 001 - Linear and partial-arc magnetic scale DS19 **Output type DC** - BiSS C output SC - SSI output **DI** - BiSS C + incremental output ABZ SI - SSI + incremental output ABZ Resolution for compatible rings in CPR (BiSS/SSI) **23B** - 8,388,608 **18B** - 262,144 **ODB** - 1,024,000 **OIB** - 512,000 **22B** - 4,194,304 **17B** - 131,072 **OEB** - 737,280 **OJB** - 360,000 21B - 2,097,152 OAB - 5,898,240 OFB - 368,640 OKB - 256,000 20B - 1,048,576 0BB - 2,949,120 0GB - 184,320 0LB - 180,000 With the options DI and SI (ABZ enabled) the maximum resolution on the ABZ channel is 20 bits. If the resolution selected for the particular ring is higher than 20 bits, the ABZ resolution remains at 20 bits. Resolution for the linear scale and partial-arc **14U** -  $0.122070313~\mu m$  **10U** -  $1.953125~\mu m$  **06U** -  $31.25~\mu m$  **8D0** -  $0.25~\mu m$  **010** -  $10~\mu m$ **13U** - 0.244140625 μm **09U** - 3.90625 μm **05U** - 62.5 μm **001** - 1.0 μm **12U** - 0.48828125 μm **08U** - 7.8125 μm **04U** - 125 μm **002** - 2 μm **11U** - 0.9765625 μm **07U** - 15.625 μm **4D0** - 0.5 μm **005** - 5 μm N/A A - N/A Minimum edge separation A - 0.020 μs / 50 MHz **D** - 0.125 μs / 8 MHz **G** - 1 μs / 1 MHz f B - 0.040  $\mu s$  / 25 MHz  $\, f E$  - 0.25  $\mu s$  / 4 MHz  $\, f H$  - 2  $\mu s$  / 0.5 MHz C - 0.067 μs / 15 MHz F - 0.5 μs / 2 MHz I - 4 μs / 0.25 MHz N/A **S** - N/A N/A 000 - N/A Connector type V - Vertical connector H - Horizontal connector **Special requirements** 00 - No special requirements

Not all part number combinations are valid. Refer to the table of available combinations on the following page.

## Table of available resolutions (DBR readhead with SAR rings)

Readhead	Ring size	Pole number	Compatible resolutions CPR (bits)	Position data length	Resolution PN
			1,474,560	21	0CB
			737,280	20	0EB
			368,640	19	0FB
			184,320	18	0GB
	057	90	180,000	18	0LB
			1,048,576 (20)	20	20B
			524,288 (19)	19	19B
			262,144 (18)	18	18B
			131,072 (17)	17	17B
			2,097,152 (21)	21	21B
			1,048,576 (20)	20	20B
	081	128	524,288 (19)	19	19B
			262,144 (18)	18	18B
			256,000	18	0KB
			2,949,120	22	0BB
			1,474,560	21	0CB
			737,280	20	0EB
			368,640	19	0FB
	114	180	360,000	19	OJB
			2,097,152 (21)	21	21B
			1,048,576 (20)	20	20B
			524,288 (19)	19	19B
			262,144 (18)	18	18B
DBR			4,194,304 (22)	22	22B
			2,097,152 (21)	21	21B
	162	256	1,048,576 (20)	20	20B
			524,288 (19)	19	19B
			512,000	19	OIB
			5,898,240	23	0AB
			2,949,120	22	0BB
			1,474,560	21	0CB
			737,280	20	0EB
	229	360	720,000	20	0HB
			4,194,304 (22)	22	22B
			2,097,152 (21)	21	21B
			1,048,576 (20)	20	20B
			524,288 (19)	19	19B
			8,388,608 (23)	23	23B
			4,194,304 (22)	22	22B
	325	512	2,097,152 (21)	21	21B
			1,048,576 (20)	20	20B
			1,024,000	20	0DB
			8,388,608 (23)	23	23B
			4,194,304 (22)	22	22B
	478	752	2,097,152 (21)	21	21B
			1,048,576 (20)	20	20B
			1,504,000	21	0MB



## Table of available combinations (DBR readhead with SAR rings)

Series	Outer diameter	Output type	Resolution	N/A Minimum edge separation		N/A	N/A	Connector type	Special requirements
	057		17B / 18B / 19B / 20B / 0LB / 0GB / 0FB / 0EB / 0CB			S	000	V/H	
	081		18B / 19B / 20B / 21B / 0KB		A				
	114		18B / 19B / 20B / 21B / 0JB / 0FB / 0EB / 0CB / 0BB						
	162	DC / SC	19B / 20B / 21B / 22B / 0IB						
	229		19B / 20B / 21B / 22B / 0HB / 0EB / 0CB / 0BB / 0AB						
	325		20B / 21B / 22B / 23B / 0DB						
	478		23B / 22B / 21B / 20B / 0MB						
DBR	057		17B / 18B / 19B / 20B / 0LB / 0GB / 0FB / 0EB / 0CB	20B / 0LB / 0GB / 0FB / 0EB / 0CB 18B / 19B / 20B / 21B / 0KB 18B / 19B / 20B /					00 / 01
	081								
	114		21B / 0JB / 0FB / 0EB						
	162	DI / SI	19B / 20B / 21B / 22B / 0IB		A/B/C/D/E/F /G/H/I				
	229		19B / 20B / 21B / 22B / 0HB / 0EB / 0CB / 0BB / 0AB	22B / 0HB / 0EB / 0CB /					
	325		20B / 21B / 22B / 23B / 0DB						
	478		23B / 22B / 21B / 20B / 0MB						

## Table of available resolutions (DBL readhead with DS19 scale)

Readhead	Partial-arc	Interpolation factor	Resolution in µm	Position data length	Resolution PN
		14	0.122070313	28	14U
		13	0.244140625	27	13U
		12	0.48828125	26	12U
		11	0.9765625	25	11U
		10	1.953125	24	10U
		09	3.90625	23	09U
		08	7.8125	22	08U
		07	15.625	21	07U
DBL	001	06	31.25	20	06U
		05	62.5	19	05U
		04	125	18	04U
		8000	0.25	27	8D0
		4000	0.5	26	4D0
		2000	1	25	001
		1000	2	24	002
		400	5	23	005
		200	10	22	010

## Table of available combinations (DBL readhead with DS19 scale - linear and partial-arc)

Series	Partial-arc	Output type	Resolution	Singleturn	N/A	Minimum edge separation	N/A	N/A	Connector type	Special requirements
DBL	001	DC / SC	14U / 13U / 12U / 11U / 10U / 09U / 08U / 07U / 06U / 05U / 04U / 8DO / 4DO / 001 / 002 / 005 / 010	В	А	Α	S	000	V/H	00 / 01



## **Accessories**



USB interface (for SSI and BISS C) **E201-9S** 

Suitable for use with the readhead with up to 2 m long cable.



USB interface (ABZ incremental output) **E201-9Q** 



Cable assembly, 1m ACC023



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#### **Document issues**

Issue	Date	Page	Description
1	20. 3. 2024	-	New document
2	24. 4. 2024	17	Part numbering amended

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